February 23, 2009

	Points Earned	Points Possible
Part 1		30
multiple choice		
Part 2		10
nomenclature		
Page 3		28
Page 4		18
Page 5		14
Total		100
Total		100

Note: All work must be shown to receive credit. On calculation problems show answer with the correct number of significant figures using scientific notation if necessary.

1A																	Noble
1 <b>H</b>	2A				M.	etals						3A	4A	5A	6A	7A	2 He
3 Li	4 Be				Mo	etalloid						5 <b>B</b>	6 <b>C</b>	7 N	8 O	9 <b>F</b>	10 Ne
11 Na	12 <b>Mg</b>				No	onmetal	s					13 <b>Al</b>	14 Si	15 <b>P</b>	16 S	17 <b>CI</b>	18 <b>Ar</b>
19 <b>K</b>	20 Ca	21 Sc	22 <b>Ti</b>	23 V	24 Cr	25 <b>Mn</b>	26 <b>Fe</b>	27 <b>Co</b>	28 <b>Ni</b>	29 <b>Cu</b>	30 <b>Zn</b>	31 Ga	32 Ge	33 <b>As</b>	34 Se	35 Br	36 Kr
37 <b>Rb</b>	38 Sr	39 <b>Y</b>	40 <b>Zr</b>	41 Nb	42 <b>Mo</b>	43 Te	44 Ru	45 Rh	46 <b>Pd</b>	47 Ag	48 Cd	49 In	50 <b>Sn</b>	51 <b>Sb</b>	52 Te	53 I	54 Xe
55 Cs	56 <b>Ba</b>	57 La*	72 <b>Hf</b>	73 <b>Ta</b>	74 W	75 Re	76 <b>Os</b>	77 Ir	78 Pt	79 <b>Au</b>	80 <b>Hg</b>	81 <b>Tl</b>	82 <b>Pb</b>	83 Bi	84 <b>Po</b>	85 At	86 Rn
87 Fr	88 Ra	89 <b>Ac</b> †	104 <b>Rf</b>	105 <b>Db</b>	106 <b>Sg</b>	107 <b>Bh</b>	108 Hs	109 <b>Mt</b>	110 <b>Ds</b>	111 <b>R</b> g							
			*	58 Ce	59 <b>Pr</b>	60 <b>Nd</b>	61 <b>Pm</b>	62 Sm	63 <b>Eu</b>	64 <b>Gd</b>	65 <b>Tb</b>	66 <b>Dy</b>	67 <b>Ho</b>	68 Er	69 <b>Tm</b>	70 <b>Yb</b>	71 <b>Lu</b>
			†	90 <b>Th</b>	91 <b>Pa</b>	92 <b>U</b>	93 <b>Np</b>	94 <b>Pu</b>	95 <b>Am</b>	96 <b>Cm</b>	97 <b>Bk</b>	98 <b>Cf</b>	99 <b>Es</b>	100 <b>Fm</b>	101 <b>Md</b>	102 No	103 Lr

## Part 1 – Multiple Choice (30 points)

1.	Why s a. b. c. d. e.	tudy chemistry?  To help us learn a technique for identifying at To understand the behavior of materials  To help inform us about our world  To be better able to make informed decisions All the above		ving problems
2.	Which a. b. c. d. e.	is a scientific observation? Freezing and boiling are called physical char If a substance has a density of 1.00g/mL it m When a substance freezes its molecules lose Water freezes at zero degrees C All of the above are scientific observations	iust be	
3.	A well a. b.	established hypothesis is often called a(n) theory observation	c. d.	fact law
4.	Which a. b.	is a pure substance? coffee orange juice	c. d.	sugar mud
5.	How n a. b.	nany significant digits are in the number 1.30 > 1 2	< 10 <sup>4</sup> ? c. d.	3 4
6.	The nu a. b.	umber, 14.74999, when rounded to three digits 10.0 15.0	s is c. d.	14.8 14.7
7.	One ki a. b.	ilometer is equal to 100m 1000m	c. d.	0.001m 0.01m
8.	When a. b. c.	expressed in proper scientific notation the nur $34 \times 10^{-4}$ $3.4 \times 10^{-4}$ $3.4 \times 10^{4}$ $3.4 \times 10^{4}$	mber 0 d. e.	0.000034 is 3.4 X 10 <sup>-5</sup> 3.4 X 10 <sup>5</sup>
9.		type of element has the following general pro- uster, poor conductor of heat and electricity, a Transition element Metal		
10.	The sr a. b. c.	mallest particle of an element that can exist is Ferrule Neutron Electron	called d. e.	a(n) Proton Atom

11. How m a. b. c.	nany atoms of hydrogen are present in one mo 2 3 5	olecule d. e.	of AI(H <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ? 6 7
	chemical symbol is properly written?	•	Cu
a. b.	ca CO	c. d.	Cu CL
13. The all	kali metals are in group		
a.	1A	C.	5A
b.	3A	d.	7A
14. Which a. b. c. d. e.	is not a physical property of water? Water is colorless. The density of water at 4° C is 1.00g/mL. The freezing point of water is 0° Celsius. Water reacts with sodium metal to produce s All of the above are physical properties of wa		hydroxide and hydrogen.
	gen combines with oxygen to form water. If 1.	67g of	hydrogen combines with 13.33g
a.	1.67g	d.	13.33g
b.	15.00g	e.	16.67g
C.	11.66g		
Part 2 – N	Nomenclature (10 points)		
Fill in the	following chart with the correct name or fo	rmula	for the following elements and

Fill in the following chart with the correct name or formula for the following elements and compounds.

Compound / Element Name	Formula / Elemental Symbol
vanadium	
iodine	
	U
	Cu
Zinc sulfide	
Ferrous chloride	
Nitrogen monoxide	
	Br <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub>
	NiP
	CaF <sub>2</sub>

## Part 3 – Problems and Questions (60 points)

1. (6 points) Evaluate each of the following expressions. State the answer to the proper number of significant figures.

b. 
$$\frac{0.000844}{21.588}$$
=

- 2. (8 points) Complete the following metric conversions using the correct number of significant figures. Put the answer in correct scientific notation.
  - a. 4.81 kg to mg
  - b. 71.9 km to m
- 3. (8 points) Complete the following American / metric conversions using the correct number of significant figures
  - a. 0.472 m to in
  - b. 6.31 qt to mL
- 4. (6 points) Complete the following temperature conversion 63  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $^{\circ}\text{F}$

5.	(6 points) After you have worked out at the gym on a stationary bike for 45 minutes, the distance gauge indicates that you have traveled 16.5 miles. What was your rate in km/hr (5280 ft = 1 mile)
6.	(6 points) Iron has a density of 7.87 g/mL. If 63.4 g of iron is added to 75.0 mL of water in a graduated cylinder, to what volume reading will the water level in the cylinder rise?
	What is the volume of the iron? (Hint: Do this part 1 <sup>st</sup> )
7.	(6 points) A personal trainer uses calipers on a client to determine his percent body fat. After taking the necessary measurements, the personal trainer determines that the client's body contains 12.5% fat by mass. If the client weighs 105 kg, how many kg of fat does he have?

8.	(8 points) Give definitions for the terms pure substance and mixture and give two examples of each type of material.
	Pure substance
	1.
	2.
	Mixture
	1.
	2.
9.	(6 points) Aqueous solutions of the substance nickel(II) sulfate are bright green in color. If an aqueous solution of barium chloride is added to an aqueous solution of nickel(II) sulfate, a white precipitate of barium sulfate forms. Based on the information in the previous paragraph, identify a physical and chemical property of nickel(II) sulfate.
	Physical property
	Chemical Property